Adding and reporting genomically discovered ancestors in US evaluations

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Discovering pedigrees in the US database

- Each animal entering the database is checked for dam and sire (counting opposite homozygotes)
- Mendelian conflicts resolved
- Imputation to 80K using Findhap.f90
- Proportions of validated sires and dams are different:
 - 2,868,531 genotypes (88.1% cows)
 - 78% sires confirmed 33% dams confirmed
 - 80% calves with no pedigree information received a Sire suggestion
 - 18% calves with no pedigree information received a Dam suggestion

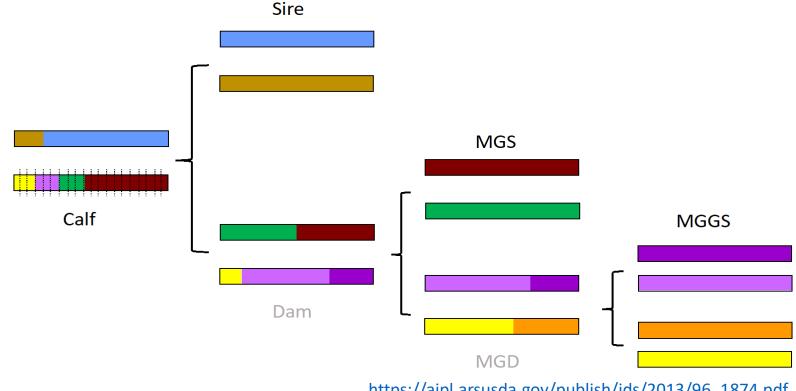




Discovering pedigrees

Fixped.f90 uses haplotypes to discover distant relationships as MGS and MGGS when

DAM is missing or not reported (VanRaden et al., 2013)





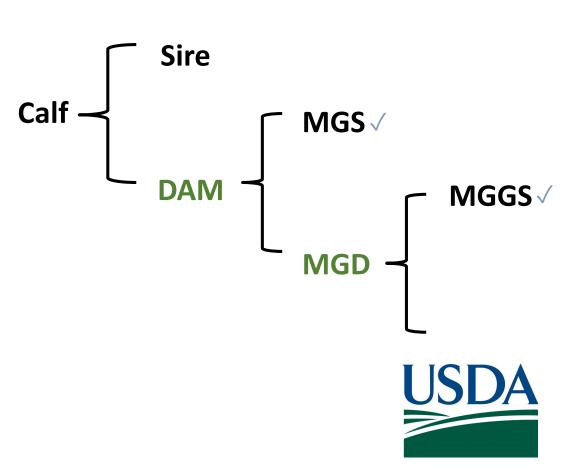
https://aipl.arsusda.gov/publish/jds/2013/96 1874.pdf

Linking pedigree information with FindDam

Finddam creates the constructed dam and/or MGD ID to link calves to MGS and MGGS in the pedigree

~ 1 million animals with no dam ID can be linked to their discovered MGS and MGGS by creating a constructed dam or maternal granddam (MGD) ID





Filling in pedigrees

• Constructed ID: HO USA DAM (MGD) calf ID numeric

HOUSA**DAM**004235395

HOUSA**MGD**004235395

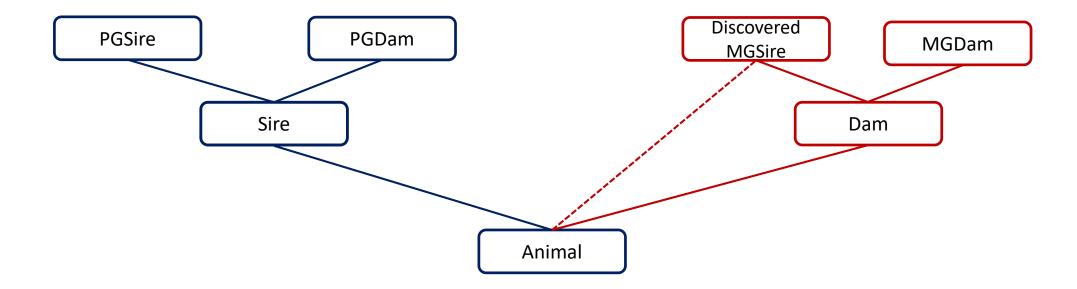
- First check if true dam can be discovered in same herd (33,810 found)
 - Match birth and fresh dates, only 1 dam's pedigree matches calf's (only non-ambiguous cases are filled)



Already discovered and added 400,000 MGS and MGGS whose dam ID and MGD ID were already reported by the owners



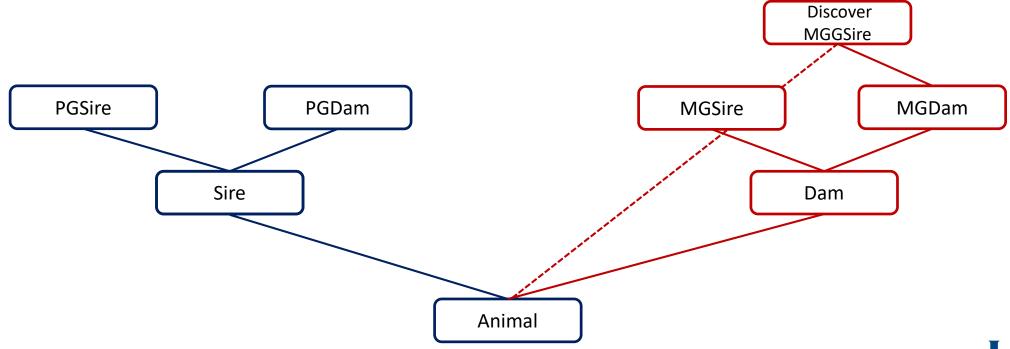
Dam known, sire unknown, discovered MGS stored as Dam's Sire







MGD known, discovered MGGS added as her sire





Dam unknown; Dam suggested based on herd, sire, and calving date

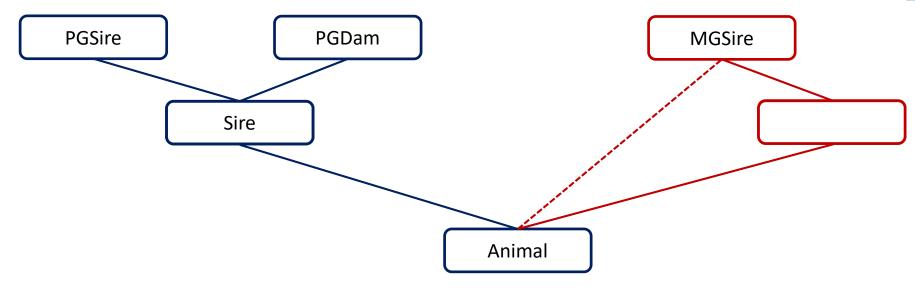
HO840000013897236

HO840000013897237

HO840000013897238

HO840000013897239

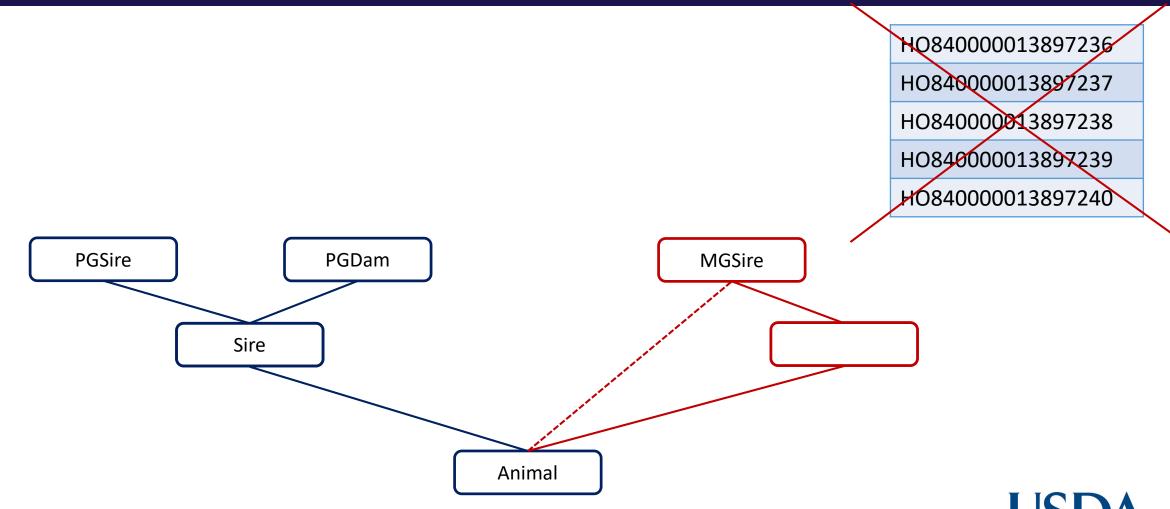
HO840000013897240







Dam unknown; Dam ID constructed, and pedigree created with discovered MGS as sire







Filled pedigree results



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Discovering ancestors and connecting relatives in large genomic databases

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Table 2. Traditional and genomic EBV value means, SD, and reliabilities for yield traits of 295,136 animals with newly found ancestors, before and after pedigree completion

		Ι	ncomplete ped	igree	Complete pedigree			
EBV	Trait	Mean (kg)	SD (kg)	Reliability (%)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Mean} \\ \text{(kg)} \end{array}$	SD (kg)	Reliability (%)	
Traditional	Milk Fat Protein	$ \begin{array}{r} 1,948 \\ 72.2 \\ 59.4 \end{array} $	720 15.1 14.6	26.6 25.0 26.9	2,064 76.7 63.0	811 18.2 17.0	32.6 32.0 32.9	
Genomic	Milk Fat Protein	$2{,}186$ 74.9 63.6	492 19.7 13.4	76.2 76.0 76.3	2,258 77.6 65.7	513 20.5 14.1	77.1 76.9 77.3	

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Testing accuracy of ancestor discovery

- Genotypes and pedigrees of the dam and MGD were removed to determine how often the correct MGS and MGGS could be discovered within each of 5 breeds
- Haplotypes were reimputed from the reduced data using Findhap.f90 and the ancestry information was rediscovered using Fixped.f90 (hide and seek)
- The discovered ancestors were compared to the true ancestors to estimate frequencies
 of correct detection
- Ancestor discovery was further improved by adjusting the birth year and haplotype sharing limits in Fixped.f90





2021 test to delete and rediscover known MGS

			Origir	nal Fix	ped N	ИGS	Cano	didat	es	
Breeds	Genotyped animals	# of samples	Yes	1st	2nd	3rd	No	Bad	Miss	Extra
Holstein	4605698	70417	63990	4501	770	63	847	193	53	22449
Jersey	553246	7398	6739	451	68	3	107	26	4	1790
Brown Swiss	56706	218	200	7	1	2	5	2	1	28
Ayrshire	12382	135	127	6	1	0	1	0	0	17
Guernsey	6359	66	65	1	0	0	0	0	0	154

Yes	Fixped found the correct ancestor and added it to the pedigree
1st	Fixped found the correct ancestor but did not add it (due to fewer haplotypes shared)
2 nd ,3 rd	The true ancestor was in second or third place and thus not added
No	No ancestor was discovered for the calf
Bad	Fixped added a wrong ancestor to the pedigree (usually a more remote ancestor of the dam)
Miss	An animal was missing from the report
Extra	Refers to other animals not part of the study that changed, primarily from differing imputation





2021 test to delete and rediscover known MGSS

			Origir	nal Fix	ped N	/IGS	Cano	didat	es	
Breeds	Genotyped animals	# of samples	Yes	1st	2nd	3rd	No	Bad	Miss	Extra
Holstein	4605698	10102	6750	2594	400	58	211	83	6	123128
Jersey	553246	1041	721	262	26	5	18	9	0	9608
Brown Swiss	56706	24	16	7	1	0	0	0	0	251
Ayrshire	12382	17	10	6	1	0	0	0	0	113
Guernsey	6359	6	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	283

Yes	Fixped found the correct ancestor and added it to the pedigree
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2021 Net differences on rediscovering known MGS

MGS Net Differences							
Breed	Yes	1st	2nd	3rd	No	Bad	Extra
Guernsey	1	0	0	0	-1	0	0
Ayrshire	3	0	0	0	-3	0	0
Brown Swiss	4	0	0	0	-4	0	0
Jersey	137	14	0	0	-134	-17	0
Holstein	1663	232	17	4	-1657	-259	0

Yes	Fixped found the correct ancestor and added it to the pedigree
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2021 Net differences on rediscovering known MGSS

MGS Net Differences							
Breed	Yes	1st	2nd	3rd	No	Bad	Extra
Guernsey	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ayrshire	2	0	0	0	-2	0	56
Brown Swiss	1	0	0	0	-1	0	76
Jersey	45	0	0	0	-48	3	3315
Holstein	464	0	0	0	-503	39	51177

Yes	Fixped found the correct ancestor and added it to the pedigree
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2022 research to further improve Fixped.f90

- Fixped edit limits revised to increase the pedigree discovery rate
 - Lower haplotype sharing limits to add more 1st place ancestors
 - Birth year edits revised to allow discovering younger MGS and MGGS
- Results from revised Fixped code
 - About 100,000 more total MGS and MGGS were added
 - > 2,127 more test animal ancestors were correctly added
 - > 240 fewer test animal ancestors were incorrectly added





Summary and implementation

- Linking disconnected animals improved genetic and genomic estimations
- Identifying pedigree errors can help to make better mating decisions
- Complete pedigrees can assure accuracy and consistency of genomic and pedigree data
- Real dam IDs will be preferred over constructed IDs unless it does not match the calf and grandsire
- Pedigree providers will have an option to remove discovered relationships
- Potential implementation in August 2022





Acknowledgements and disclaimers

- Participating dairy producers for supplying data
- **DHI** organizations and **DRPCs** for processing and relaying the information to the Council on Dairy Cattle Breeding (CDCB)
- Purebred breed associations for providing pedigree data
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Thank you!



