

Genomic Evaluation for Resistance to Fertility Disorders in Canadian Dairy Breeds

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Health Recording and Genetic Evaluation in Canada

• 2007: national dairy health data collection system (8 diseases)

- **2014**: mastitis resistance (AY, HO, JE)
- **2016**: metabolic disease resistance (AY, HO, JE)
- **2020**: resistance to fertility disorders (AY, HO, JE)



Fertility Disorders - Phenotypes

- Traits (0 = no case, 1 = at least one case):
 - Cystic Ovaries (CO):
 - Metritis (MET):
 - Retained Placenta (RP):
- calving 305 DIM calving – 150 DIM calving – 14 DIM



Fertility Disorders - Model

- Multiple-trait linear animal model
 - H = (pedigree + genotypes) based relationships
- No 'indicator' traits in the model
- First and later lactations: different (correlated) traits
- Observations on lactations > 2 treated as repeated observations for lactation 2
- 6 traits in total



Fertility Disorders - Model

y = H + YS + ASP + hy + a + pe + e

Fixed effects:

- H: herd
- YS: year season
- ASP: age season parity

Random effects:

- hy: herd year
- a: animal additive genetic
- pe: permanent environmental (lactations >1)
- e: residual



Fertility Disorders - Methods

- Single-Step method (MiX99 software)
- Reference population: all genotyped animals in the pedigree
- Estimation of GEBV (phenotypes + pedigree + genotypes)
- Calculation of DGV (reference)
- Estimation of SNP effects
- Calculation of DGV for other genotyped animals (not in Single-Step)

• GEBV - monthly, DGV (new animals) - weekly



Fertility Disorders - Methods

- Proofs expressed as RBV (mean = 100, SD = 5 for 'base' sires) with reversed sign: higher RBV = better resistance
- Combined CO, MET and RP proofs:
 - 1st and later lactation for a given disorder
 - equal weights (on RBV scale)
- Sire proof (any combined trait) 'Official' when:
 - min. 5 herds with phenotypes
 - min. reliability of 70% (HO) and 50% (AY and JE)
- Sire 'Official' for Fertility Disorders when 'Official' for any combined trait

Fertility Disorders – Genetic Parameters

- Subset of HO data
- ~ 76,000 cows with ~ 120,000 records
- Same model as for GE
- Only A (= pedigree-based relationships) in genetic co-variance structure
- Bayesian method (Gibbs sampling)
- HO estimates to be used for AY and JE



Fertility Disorders – Genetic Parameters

- Heritability: **0.02** ÷ **0.03** (across all traits)
- Genetic correlation between first and later lactation traits: from **0.55** (CO) to **0.70** (MET)
- CO genetically uncorrelated with MET and RP
- Genetic correlations between MET and RP:
 - > 0.54 (first lactation)
 - > 0.51 (later lactations)



Data for GE: August 2020

	AY	HO	JE
Phenotypes	35,854	1,968,876	24,653
Cows	17,783	1,004,586	14,085
Sires	844	21,750	1,109
Pedigree	36,027	1,726,630	33,337



Genotypes (50K or imputed) for GE: August 2020

	AY	HO	JE
Available	11,066	1,929,299	240,665
Genotyped Cows	1,500	59,186	1,039
Genotyped Sires	523	10,609	779
Genotyped Animals in Pedigree	2,602	81,886	2,812



Fertility Disorders - Frequency (%) - HO





Fertility Disorders – GE Results – August 2020 RBV for Official Sires

Breed	Ν	Mean	SD	Min	Max
ΑΥ	261	100	5.1 ÷ 5.7	79 ÷ 84	111 ÷ 115
HO	6,604	99 ÷ 101	5.0 ÷ 5.3	73 ÷ 80	114 ÷ 120
JE	124	100	4.8 ÷ 5.4	79 ÷ 89	110 ÷ 116



Fertility Disorders – GE Results – August 2020 Average Reliability of RBV for Official Sires

Lactation	Trait	AY (N = 261)	HO (N = 6,604)	JE (N = 124)
First	СО	53	78	54
	MET	59	81	61
	RP	59	81	61
	СО	60	81	63
Later	MET	61	81	65
	RP	62	82	60
Average		59	81	61



Fertility Disorders – GE Results – December 2019 Average Reliability of RBV for Young Bulls (Born in 2019)

Lactation	Trait	AY (N = 2,336)	HO (N = 70,027)	JE (N = 3,031)
First	СО	18	61	13
	MET	20	62	15
	RP	20	62	15
	СО	20	62	15
Later	MET	21	62	16
	RP	21	62	16
Avera	ige	20	62	15



Fertility Disorders – GE Results – August 2020 Proof Correlations (x100) – HO Official Sires (N = 6,604)

- Combined RBV:
 - ➢ CO − MET: 23
 - CO RP: 12
 MET RP: 74

• Combined RBV – First/Later lactation RBV:

	First	Later
> CO:	96	97
MET:	94	95
► RP:	95	96



Top 10 vs. Bottom 10 HO Official Sires by (Combined) Trait RBV



LPI & Genotyped HO Sires (N = 9,816) Correlations: (Combined) CO - Other Traits



LPI & Genotyped HO Sires (N = 9,816) Correlations: (Combined) MET - Other Traits



Summary

- GE system for resistance to fertility disorders developed
- Single-Step method
- 3 traits: Cystic Ovaries, Metritis, Retained Placenta
- 3 breeds: Ayrshire, Holstein, Jersey
- Holstein genetic parameters used for all breeds
- RP and MET: favorably correlated with LPI and Pro\$
- CO: small unfavorable correlation with LPI and Pro\$
- First official release: **December 2020**



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