



# **Mendelian Sampling Test Review of Country Results**

Interbull Workshop

August 25<sup>th</sup>-26<sup>th</sup> Dubrovnik, Croatia



## Short Overview of Past Actions

- ✓ 2012 Test software developed for Interbull service users ([Tyrisevä et al, 2012](#))
- ✓ Nantes 2013 - Ok to proceed with a pilot study
- ✓ Berlin 2014 – First pilot run results
  - 26% of combinations failed the test
  - Countries investigation revealed faulty data being used
  - Software Adjustments
  - September 2017: Software applied to all breeds for production traits
  - January 2018: Software applied to all breeds/all traits
  - Software Adjustments



# Mendelian Sampling Test Criteria

- **Aim:**

Detect heterogeneity in genetic variance

- **By:**

- ❖ Calculating within-year genetic variances and assessing existence of a trend by a weighted linear regression of within-year variances.
- ❖ Calculating empirical 95% C.I. for the trend by bootstrapping 1000 samples
- ❖ Detect years with possible outliers



# Tolerated Thresholds

- *For the trend:*
  - ❖  $\pm 2\%$  avg estimated genetic variance
  - ❖ 95% C.I. including zero
- *For the outliers:*
  - ❖ 95% C.I. including the average genetic variance

(Tyrisevä et al. 2012, Interbull Bull., 46:97–102)



## January 2018 - General Review

- MS Test requested from all countries introducing changes or validating for the 2 years' rule (22 in total, any breed/any trait)
  - MS Test received from 18 (+3) countries for different breeds/traits:
    - **PROD + UDDER**: test requested for both sexes
    - **OTHER TRAITS**: test requested for males only



# Some Issues with Data

- Software minimum requirements:

- ✓ MS reliability  $> 0.1$

Warning! After MS reliability check, number of records under 10 in a year class: 2013  
Please check is it possible to change a time window or exclude the outermost year(s).

- ✓ Minimum animals/birth year class

Warning! In each birth year class the number of animals with observations must be at least 50% of the average class size in the testing period.

An average number of animals per year is: 183.2

In year 2010 n = 78

In year 2011 n = 76

In year 2012 n = 42

In year 2013 n = 12

Please check is it possible to change a time window or exclude the outermost year(s).

- Heterosis not accounted for

- Test should be applied within breeds

- ✓ Decrease number of eligible data for some countries



# Overview of Data Received per Breed

<b>HOL</b>									
Country	<b>PROD</b>		<b>UDER</b>		<b>CONF</b>	<b>LONG</b>	<b>CALV</b>	<b>FERT</b>	<b>WORK</b>
	<b>M</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>M</b>
BEL	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y	
CHE	Y		Y		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
DEU	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
ESP					Y			Y	
HRV	Y		Y						
HUN							Y		
IRL	Y				Y	Y	Y	Y	
ISR			Y	Y		Y	Y		
ITA	Y	Y					NA	Y	
JPN	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Y	
KOR	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y				
NLD	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y	Y	Y
PRT	Y		Y		Y				
SVK	Y	Y							
URY	Y	Y	Y	Y				Y	
USA	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y		Y	
ZAF					Y		Y		
GBR	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y		Y	



# Overview of Data Received per Breed

SIM									
country	PROD		UDER		CONF	LONG	CALV	FERT	WORK
	M	F	M	F	M	M	M	M	M
CHE	Y								
HRV	Y		Y						
HUN			Y	Y					
ITA	Y	Y	Y	Y					
SVN						NA			
GBR	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y			

RDC									
country	PROD		UDER		CONF	LONG	CALV	FERT	WORK
	M	F	M	F	M	M	M	M	M
DEU	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y
NOR	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Y
USA	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y		Y	
ZAF	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y		Y	
GBR	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y			

BSW									
country	PROD		UDER		CONF	LONG	CALV	FERT	WORK
	M	F	M	F	M	M	M	M	M
CHE	Y		Y		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
DEA					Y				
ITA	Y		Y		Y			Y	Y
USA	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y		Y	
GBR	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y			

JER									
country	PROD		UDER		CONF	LONG	CALV	FERT	WORK
	M	F	M	F	M	M	M	M	M
DEU		Y		Y					
USA	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y		Y	
GBR	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y			



# Overview of Results

	Tot	%
PASSED	285	78
FAILED	75	21
Failed corrected	30	8
NA	5	1
<b>ToT</b>	<b>365</b>	<b>100</b>



# HOL

	<b>PASS</b>	<b>FAIL</b>
MIL	19 (F8,M11))	0
FAT	20 (F8, (M12)	0
PRO	21 (F8,M13)	0
SCS	17 (F7,M10)	1(F0,M1)
STA	9	0
USU	7	1
BCS	5	0
LOC	7	0
HCO	4	0
CC1	8	0
CC2	7	1
CRC	7	1
INT	6	4
<b>ToT</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>8</b>



# BSW

	<b>PASS</b>	<b>FAIL</b>
MIL	5 (F1,M4)	0
FAT	5 (F1,M4)	0
PRO	5 (F1,M4)	0
SCS	5 (F1,M4)	0
STA	3	0
USU	3	0
HCO	2	0
CC1	2	0
CC2	2	0
CRC	2	0
INT	2	0
<b>ToT</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>0</b>



<b>RDC</b>	<b>PASS</b>	<b>FAIL</b>
MIL	6 (F2,M4)	3 (F2,M1)
FAT	8 (3,M5)	1 (F1,M0)
PRO	6(F2,M4)	2 (F1;M1)
SCS	9 (F4,M5)	1(F1,M0)
DLO	4	0
<b>ToT</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>JER</b>		
MIL	4 (F2,M2)	0
FAT	2 (F2,M0)	1 (F0, M1)
PRO	4 (F2, M2)	0
<b>ToT</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>SIM</b>		
MIL	4 (F1,M3)	0
FAT	4 (F1,M3)	0
PRO	4 (F1,M3)	0
<b>ToT</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>0</b>

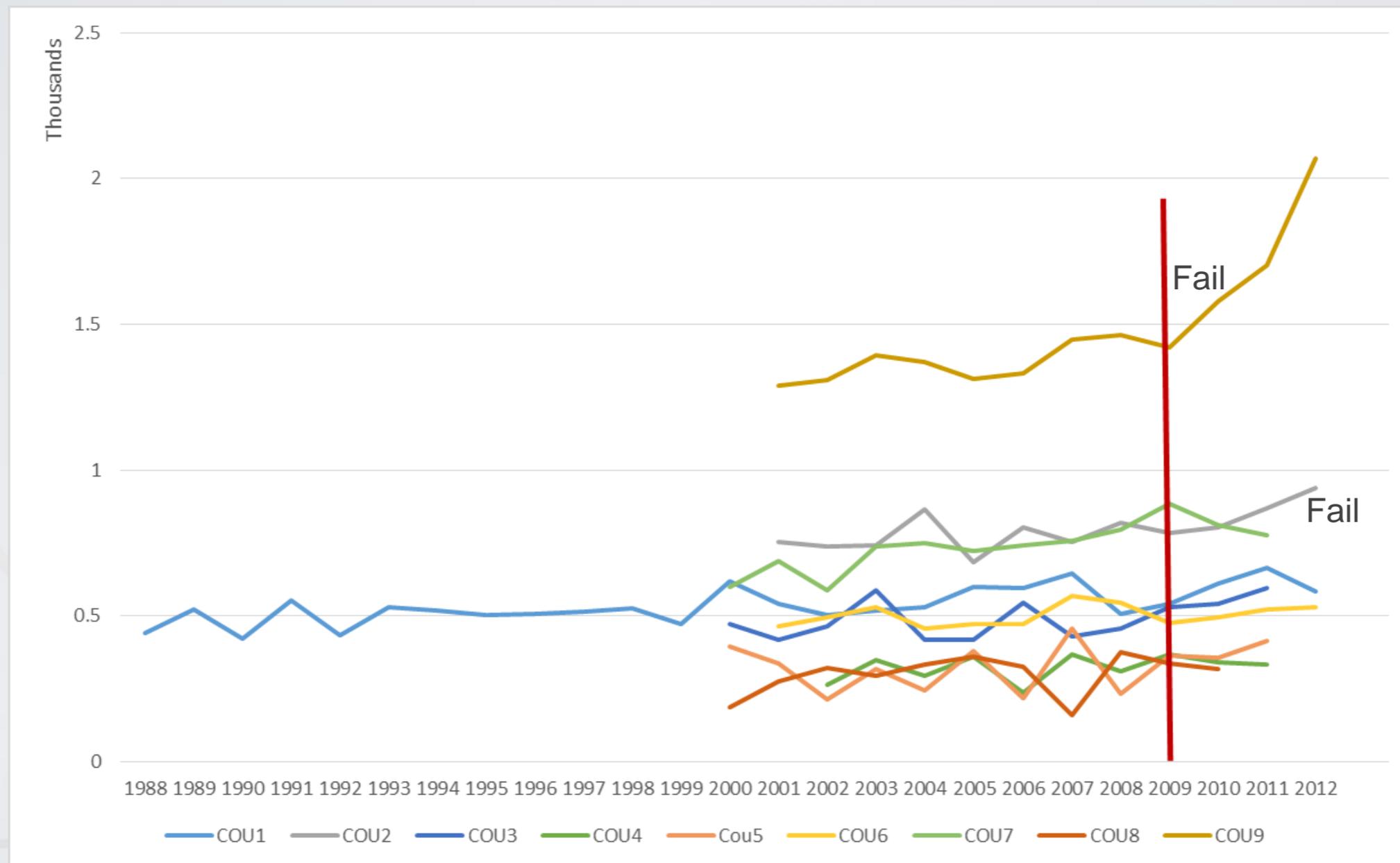


# One Look at the Genetic Trend

- Is there any inference we can make by looking at the genetic trend?

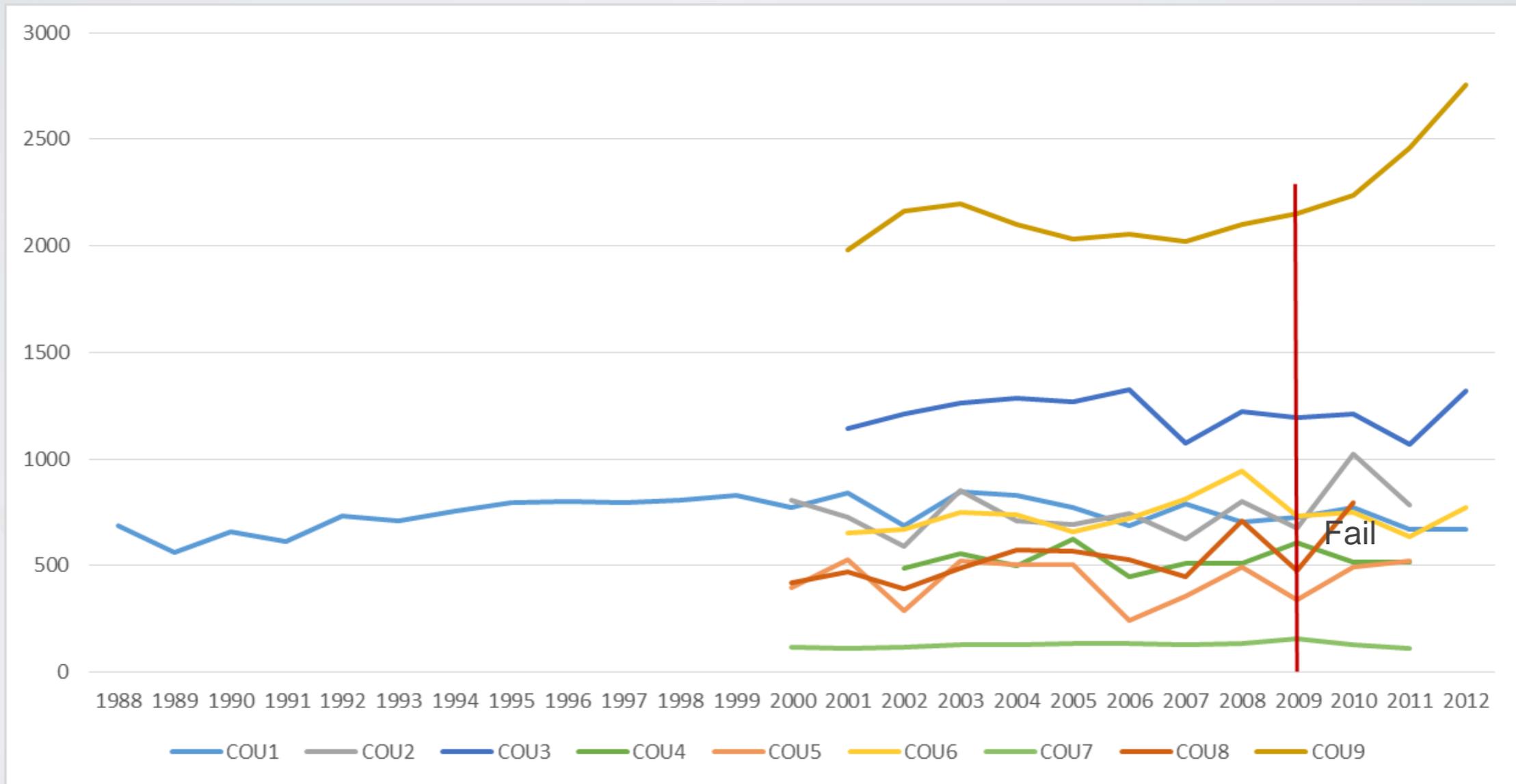


# Milk Genetic Trends - HOL



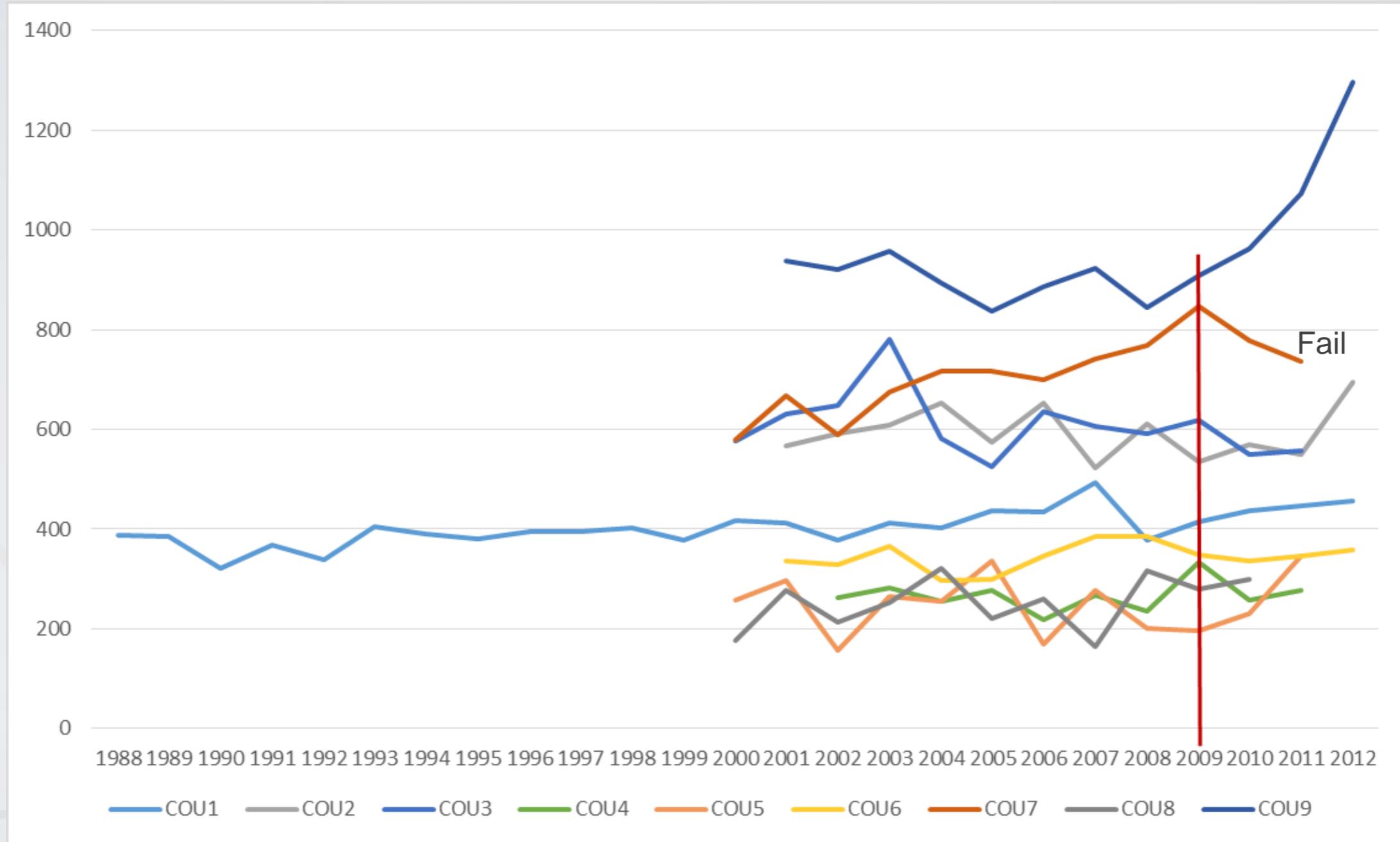


# Fat Genetic Trends - HOL



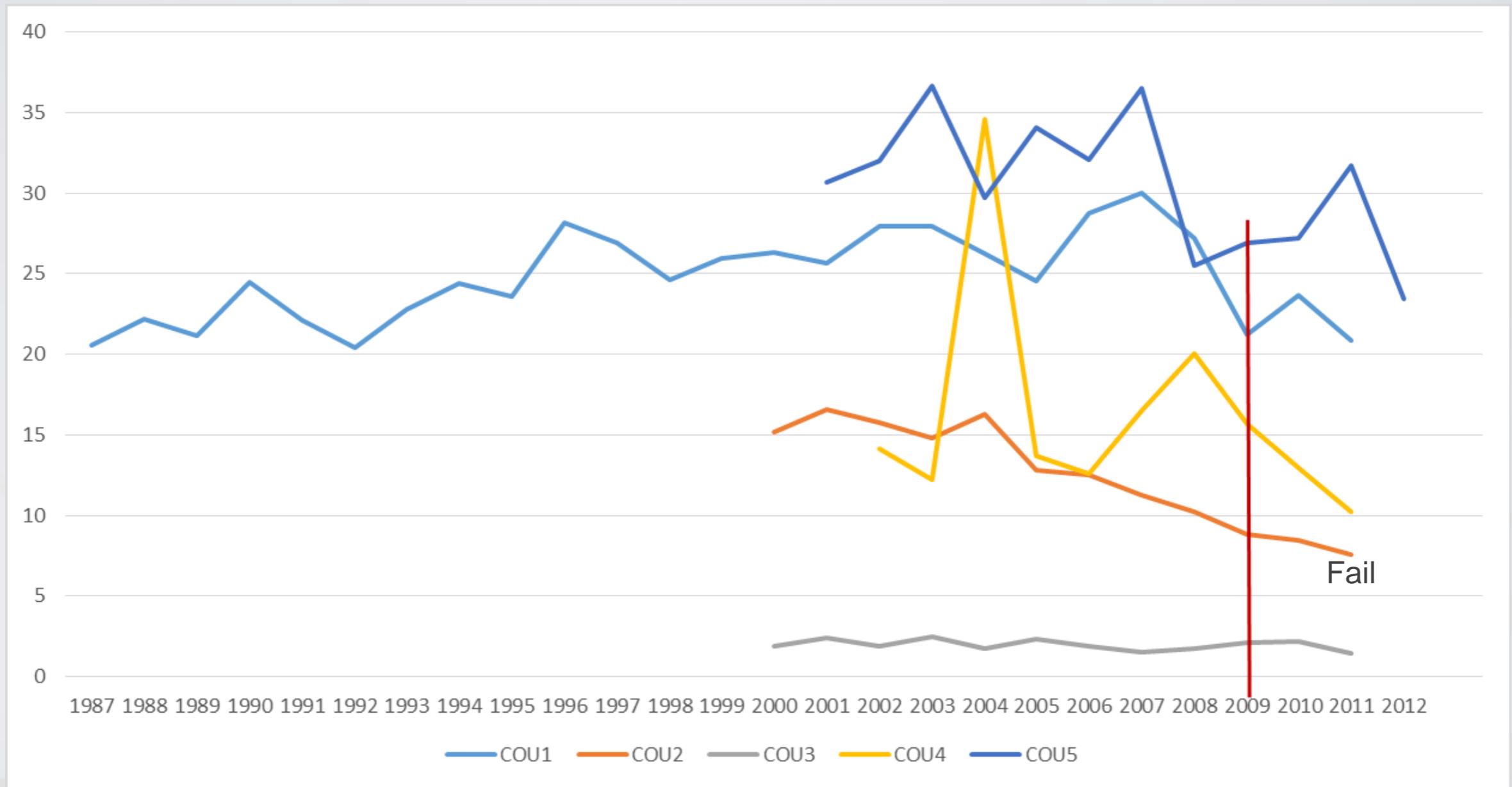


# Protein Genetic Trends - HOL





# Fertility Interval Traits (CC2) - HOL





# General Conclusions

- A total of 360 MS tests received
  - 289 (79%) successfully passed the test
  - 30\* (8%) failed the test
  - \* After discarding of results with:
    - Presence of years' outliers
    - Software's warnings on not enough records for some years' classes
  - Looking forward to hear about countries experiences and ITC final recommendation



# Acknowledgements

✓ LUKE      ✓ ITC      ✓ WG      ✓ All users!

