

## INTRODUCTION

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The latest **genomic routine international evaluation for calving traits** took place as scheduled at the Interbull Centre. Data from 16 countries were included in this evaluation.

International genetic evaluations for calving traits of bulls from Australia, Austria-Germany, Belgium, Canada, Denmark-Finland-Sweden, France, Germany, Hungary, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Switzerland, the United Kingdom, and the United States of America were computed. Holstein data were included in this evaluation.

BEL, CAN, DEU, DFS, GBR, ITA, NLD submitted GEBVs.

dce: BEL, CAN, DEU, DFS, GBR, ITA, NLD

dsb: CAN, DEU, DFS, , ITA, NLD

mce: CAN, DEU, DFS, GBR, ITA, NLD

msb: CAN, DEU, DFS, , ITA, NLD

## CHANGES IN NATIONAL PROCEDURES

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Changes in the national genetic evaluation of calving traits are as follows:

DEU (HOL) Optimisation of the SNP BLUP genomic model and update of genomic reliabilities. Many bulls missing compared to the previous run due to a new editing in the national genomic evaluation.

Base change

CAN (HOL) Update of reliability calculations  
Corrected status of about 7500 bulls from 0 to 10

FRA (HOL) -Base change  
-corrected proofs status and bull status for some records

DFS (HOL) -corrected proofs status and bull status for some records

NLD (HOL) -corrected proofs status for some records

## INTERBULL CHANGES COMPARED TO THE DECEMBER ROUTINE RUN

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No changes in Interbull procedures

## DATA AND METHOD OF ANALYSIS

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Eleven Holstein populations sent GEBV data for up to 38 traits, while classical EBVs for the same traits were used in the analyses. Young bull GEBVs from the GEBV providers have been converted to the scales of all countries participating in classical MACE. A bull will get a MACE EBV or a GMACE EBV but not both.

From those eleven countries, National GEBVs of bulls less than seven years of age and with no classical MACE proofs were included for the breeding value prediction with a further requirement of either a MACE-PA or a GMACE-PA (for young genomic bulls with young genomic sires) being available.

## SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE

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The international genetic evaluation procedure is based on international work described in the following scientific publications:

VanRaden, P.M. and Sullivan, P.G. 2010. International genomic evaluation methods for dairy cattle. Gen. Sel. Evol. 42:7

Sullivan, P.G. and Jakobsen, J.H. 2012. Robust GMACE for young bulls methodology. Interbull Bulletin 45, Article 1.

Sullivan, P.G. 2012a. GMACE reliability approximation. Report to the GMACE working group of Interbull. GMACE\_rels 2013

Sullivan, P.G. 2012b. GMACE variance estimation. Report to the GMACE working group of Interbull. GMACE\_vce 2013

Sullivan, P.G. 2012c. GMACE Weighting Factors. Report to the GMACE working group of Interbull. GMACE\_gedcs 2013

Jakobsen, J.H. and Sullivan, P.G. 2013. Trait specific computation of shared reference population. Reference sharing Nov 2013

NEXT ROUTINE INTERNATIONAL EVALUATION

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Dates for next routine run can be found on <http://www.interbull.org/ib/servicecalendar>

NEXT TEST INTERNATIONAL EVALUATION

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Dates for next routine run can be found on <http://www.interbull.org/ib/servicecalendar>

PUBLICATION OF INTERBULL ROUTINE RUN

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Results were distributed by the Interbull Centre to designated representatives in each country. The international evaluation file comprised international proofs expressed on the base and unit of each country included in the analysis. Such records readily provide more information on bull performance in various countries, thereby minimising the need to resort to conversions.

At the same time, all recipients of Interbull results are expected to honour the agreed code of practice, decided by the Interbull Steering Committee, and only publish international evaluations on their own country scale. Evaluations expressed on another country scale are confidential and may only be used internally for research and review purposes.

Table 1. National evaluation dates in GMACE run April 2016

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Country	Date
CAN	20160401
DFS	20160202
ITA	20160308
NLD	20160401
GBR	20160309
DEU	20160405
BEL	20160401

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Table 2.

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Number of bulls in reference population for	dce
CAN	27671.0
DFS	1687.0 25542.0
ITA	23923.0 1107.0 24244.0
NLD	2004.0 25108.0 1347.0 26806.0
GBR	25153.0 1558.0 23711.0 1847.0 25415.0
DEU	1911.0 25152.0 1273.0 25592.0 1755.0 27013.0
BEL	1064.0 786.0 662.0 870.0 728.0 875.0 1952.0

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Number of bulls in reference population for mce

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CAN 22211.0  
DFS 1662.0 25970.0  
ITA 19010.0 1095.0 19193.0  
NLD 1937.0 25533.0 1310.0 26774.0  
GBR 19870.0 1539.0 18870.0 1796.0 20089.0  
DEU 1855.0 25580.0 1249.0 26008.0 1716.0 27426.0

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Number of bulls in reference population for dsb

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CAN 25344.0  
DFS 1681.0 25304.0  
ITA 21710.0 1102.0 22026.0  
NLD 1982.0 24870.0 1327.0 26051.0  
DEU 1900.0 24908.0 1266.0 25250.0 26635.0

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Number of bulls in reference population for msb

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CAN 20583.0  
DFS 1654.0 25841.0  
ITA 17457.0 1090.0 17636.0  
NLD 1913.0 25408.0 1289.0 26555.0  
DEU 1843.0 25451.0 1243.0 25874.0 27264.0