Introduction

The latest routine international evaluation for females fertility traits took place as scheduled at the Interbull Centre. Data from seventeen (18) countries were included in this evaluation.

International genetic evaluations for female fertility traits of bulls from Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, South Africa, the United Kingdom and the United States of America were computed. Holstein data were included in this evaluation.

CAN, DEU, DFS, FRA, GBR, ITA, NLD, POL and ESP contributed with GEBVs.

hco: CAN, DEU, DFS crc: CAN, DEU, DFS, FRA, GBR, ITA, NLD, POL, ESP cc1: CAN, DEU, DFS, FRA, GBR, NLD cc2: CAN, DEU, DFS, FRA, GBR, ITA, NLD, POL, ESP int: CAN, DEU, GBR, ITA, NLD, POL, ESP

Based on a decision made by Interbull Steering committee in August 2007, female fertility traits are classified as follows:

- T1 (HC): Maiden (H)eifer's ability to (C)onceive. A measure of confirmed conception, such as conception rate (CR), will be considered for this trait group. In the absence of confirmed conception an alternative measure, such as interval first-last insemination (FL), interval first insemination-conception (FC), number of inseminations (NI), or non-return rate (NR,preferably NR56) can be submitted;
- T2 (CR): Lactating (C)ow's ability to (R)ecycle after calving. The interval calving-first insemination (CF) is an example for this ability. In the abscence of such a trait, a measure of the interval calving-conception, such as says oprn (DO) or calving interval (CI) can be submitted;
- T3 (C1): Lactating (C)ow's ability to conceive (1), expressed as a rate trait. Traits like conception rate (CR) and non-return rate (NR, preferably NR56) will be considered for this trait group;
- T4 (C2): Lactating (C)ow's ability to conceive (2), expressed as an interval trait. The interval first insemination-conception (FC) or interval first-last insemination (FL) will be considered for this trait group. As an alternative, number of inseminations (NI) can be submitted. In the abscence of any of these traits, a measure of interval calving-conception such as days open (DO), or calving interval (CI) can be submitted. All countries are expected to submit data for this trait group, and as a last resort the trait submitted under T3 can be submitted for T4 as well.
- T5 (IT): Lactating cow's measurements of (I)nterval (T)raits calving-conception, such as days open (DO) and calving interval (CI).

Based on the above trait definitions the following traits have been submitted for international genetic evaluation of female fertility traits.

_____ Country Traits Submitted traits and their definitions _____ Calving interval converted to 42 days pregnancy rate AUS T2=CY Calving interval converted to 42 days pregnancy rate $T_{4=C_{2}}$ T5=IT Calving interval converted to 42 days pregnancy rate BEL T2=CY PR=Pregnancy Rate (=[21/(DO-45+11)]*100, with DO=days open) T4=C2 PR=Pregnancy Rate (=[21/(DO-45+11)]*100, with DO=days open) T5=ITPR=Pregnancy Rate (=[21/(DO-45+11)]*100, with DO=days open) CAN T1 = HCNR=Non Return Rate after 56 Days in heifers (NRR), % T2=CY CF=Interval from Calving to First Service in cows(CF) T3=C1 NR=Non Return Rate after 56 Days in cows(NRR), %

T4=C2 FC=Interval first insemination-conception in cows

T5=IT DO=Days open

- CHE T2=CR CF=Interval from Calving to First Service (ICF), days T3=C1 NR=Non Return Rate after 56 Days (NRR), % T4=C2 NR=Non Return Rate after 56 Days (NRR), %
- CHR T2=CR CF=Interval from Calving to First Service (ICF), days T3=C1 NR=Non Return Rate after 56 Days (NRR), % T4=C2 NR=Cows' Non Return Rate after 56 Days (NRR), binary
- CZE T1=HC CR=Heifers' Conception rate (pregnant or not after 3 months) T3=C1 CR=Cows' Conception rate (pregnant or not after 3 months) T4=C2 CR=Cows' Conception rate (pregnant or not after 3 months)
- AUT/DEU T1=HC NR=Heifers' Non Return Rate after 56 days T2=CY CF=Interval from calving to first insemination cows (days) T3=C1 NR=Cows' Non Return Rate after 56 days T4=C2 FL=Interval from first to last insemination cows (days) T5=IT D0=Days open (days)
- DFS T1=HC NR=Heifers' Non Return Rate after 56 days T2=CY CF=Interval from calving to first insemination cows (days) T3=C1 NR=Cows' Non Return Rate after 56 days T4=C2 FL=Interval from first to last insemination cows (days) T5=IT D0=Days open (days)
- ESP T2=CY D0=Days open T4=C2 D0=Days open T5=IT D0=Days open
- FRA T1=HC CR=Heifers' Conception rate (binary trait) for maiden heifers T2=CY Interval between calving and first AI T3=C1 CR=Cows' Conception rate (binary trait) for cows T4=C2 CR=Cows' Conception rate (binary trait) for cows
- GBRT2=CYCI=days between 1st and 2nd calvingsT3=C1NR=1st lactation non return at 56 daysT4=C2CI=days between 1st and 2nd calvingsT5=ITCI=days between 1st and 2nd calvings
- IRL T2=CY CI=Calving interval T4=C2 CI=Calving interval T5=IT CI=Calving interval
- ISR T3=C1 CR=Inverse of the number of insemination to conception (%) T4=C2 CR=Inverse of the number of insemination to conception (%)
- ITA T2=CY CF=Days to first service T3=C1 NR=Non-return rate at 56 days (%) T4=C2 CI=Calving Interval (days) T5=IT CI=Calving interval (days)
- ITA(BSW) T2=CY CF=Interval calving to first insemination T4=C2 Days Open T5=IT CI=Calving interval
- NLD T2=CY CF=Interval calving to first insemination (days) T3=C1 NR=Non-return rate 56 days (binary trait) T4=C2 FL=Interval from first to last insemination cows (days) T5=IT CI=Calving Interval (days)
- NOR T1=HC NR=NR=Non-return rate 56 days (heifers) T2=CY CF=Interval calving to first insemination (days) T3=C1 NR=NR=Non-return rate 56 days (cows) T4=C2 CI=Calving Interval (days) T5=IT CI=Calving Interval (days)
- NZL T2=CY PM=Lactating cow's ability to start cycling T4=C2 PC=Lactating cow's ability to conceive (CR42) T5=IT PC=Lactating cow's ability to conceive (CR42)

POL	T1=HC	Non return rate at 56 days for heifer
	T2=CR	Interval from calving to first insemination
	T3=C1	Non return rate at 56 days for cows
	T4=IT	Days open
	T5=IT	Days open
USA	T1=HC	CR=Conception rate (heifer)
	T2=CY	CF=Interval from calving to first insemination
	T3=C1	CR=Conception rate (cow)
	T4=C2	DP=Daughter Pregnancy Rate
	T5=IT	DP=Daughter Pregnancy Rate
ZAF	T4=IT	CI=Calving Interval
	T5=IT	CI=Calving Interval

CHANGES IN NATIONAL PROCEDURES

Changes in the national genetic evaluation of female fertility traits are as follows:

NOR RDC The rolling definition of hys is causing the daughters to distribute somewhat differently over hys-classes at each evaluation. Therefore some bulls occasionally may lose EDC although the number of daughters stay the same. Reliability changes is a function of the EDC changes.

FRA(HOL): First time participation for "int"

USA: Evaluated daughter pregnancy rate (traits cc2 and int) using a multi-trait fertility model

with a revised DPR trait definition. Revised the formula to estimate calving to first insemination (trait crc) from traits int and ccl. Changed the base for all fertility traits.

ZAF(JER): Inclusion of more data and change in heritability (cc2,int)

INTERBULL CHANGES COMPARED TO THE DECEMBER ROUTINE RUN

No changes in Interbull procedures

DATA AND METHOD OF ANALYSIS

Data were national genetic evaluations of AI sampled bulls with at least 10 daughters or 10 EDC (for clinical mastitis and maternal calving traits at least 50 daughters or 50 EDC, and for direct calving traits at least 50 calvings or 50 EDC) in at least 10 herds. Table 1 presents the amount of data included in this Interbull evaluation for all breeds.

National proofs were first de-regressed within country and then analysed jointly with a linear model including the effects of evaluation country, genetic group of bull and bull merit. Heritability estimates used in both the de-regression and international evaluation were as in each country's national evaluation.

Table 2 presents the date of evaluation as supplied by each country in the Olx-proof file.

Estimated genetic parameters and sire standard deviations are shown in APPENDIX I and the corresponding number of common bulls are listed in APPENDIX II.

SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE

_____ The international genetic evaluation procedure is based on international work described in the following scientific publications: International genetic evaluation computation: Schaeffer. 1994. J. Dairy Sci. 77:2671-2678 Klei, 1998. Interbull Bulletin 17:3-7 Verification and Genetic trend validation: Klei et al., 2002. Interbull Bulletin 29:178-182. Boichard et al., 1995. J. Dairy Sci. 78:431-437 Weighting factors: Fikse and Banos, 2001. J. Dairy Sci. 84:1759-1767 De-regression: Sigurdsson and G. Banos. 1995. Acta Agric. Scand. 45:207-219 Jairath et al. 1998. J. Dairy Sci. Vol. 81:550-562 Genetic parameter estimation: Klei and Weigel, 1998, Interbull Bulletin 17:8-14 Sullivan, 1999. Interbull Bulletin 22:146-148 Post-processing of estimated genetic correlations: Mark et al., 2003, Interbull Bulletin 30:126-135 Jorjani et al., 2003. J. Dairy Sci. 86:677-679 https://wiki.interbull.org/public/rG%20procedure?action=print Time edits Weigel and Banos. 1997. J. Dairy Sci. 80:3425-3430

International reliability estimation Harris and Johnson. 1998. Interbull Bulletin 17:31-36

NEXT ROUTINE INTERNATIONAL EVALUATION

The next routine evaluation of Interbull for production, conformation, udder health, longevity, calving, female fertility and workability traits is scheduled for April 2015. Deadline for sending data to the Interbull Centre is Tuesday November 18, 2014, 17:00 CET; confidential distribution of results is targeted for Wednesday November 26, 2014, with earliest possible official release of results on March 23, 2015. Please remark the three week turnaround time. NEXT TEST INTERNATIONAL EVALUATION

The next test run for production, conformation, udder health, longevity, calving, female fertility and workability traits will take place in February 2015. Countries planning to introduce changes in their national evaluation procedures and wishing to have them included in the routine Interbull evaluation, should have their data examined in this test run. New data and validation results should be sent to the Interbull Centre no later than February 3, 2015, 17:00 CET.

PUBLICATION OF INTERBULL ROUTINE RUN

Results were distributed by the Interbull Centre to designated representatives in each country. The international evaluation file comprised international proofs expressed on the base and unit of each country included in the analysis. Such records readily provide more information on bull performance in various countries, thereby minimizing the need to resort to conversions.

At the same time, all recipients of Interbull results are expected to honor the agreed code of practice, decided by the Interbull Steering Committee, and only publish international evaluations on their own country scale. Evaluations expressed on another country scale are confidential and may only be used internally for research and review purposes.

Table 1. National evaluation dates in GMACE run August 2014 _____ Country Date _____ 20141201 CAN DEU 20141202 20141102 DFS 20141118 ESP 20141101 GBR ITA 20141106 NLD 20141201 20141027 POL 20141204 FRA _____ Table 2. _____ Number of bulls in reference population for _____ CAN 15398.0 DEU 1267.0 21507.0 DFS 1004.0 18964.0 19461.0 Number of bulls in reference population for crc _____ CAN 21834.0 DEU 1364.0 27608.0 DFS 1094.0 24731.0 25485.0 ESP 1173.0 24278.0 23648.0 25010.0 GBR 20675.0 1216.0 959.0 1027.0 20730.0 ITA 20096.0 1001.0 834.0 846.0 20012.0 20451.0 NLD 1327.0 24741.0 24619.0 23750.0 1178.0 1032.0 26190.0 POL 136.0 204.0 205.0 205.0 132.0 137.0 214.0 2629.0 FRA 1508.0 22572.0 21511.0 22179.0 1342.0 1100.0 21815.0 2461.0 26590.0 _____ Number of bulls in reference population for cc1 _____ _____ CAN 21793.0 DEU 1342.0 26118.0 DFS 1093.0 23352.0 24023.0 FRA 1508.0 21342.0 20357.0 25329.0 GBR 20517.0 1193.0 958.0 1327.0 20601.0 NLD 1322.0 23307.0 23157.0 20619.0 1168.0 24446.0 -----Number of bulls in reference population for cc2 _____ CAN 23533.0 DEU 1328.0 27255.0 DFS 1098.0 24760.0 25516.0 ESP 1166.0 24102.0 23676.0 24835.0 FRA 1490.0 22264.0 21540.0 21999.0 26243.0 GBR 22313.0 1182.0 963.0 1022.0 1311.0 22362.0 ITA 21591.0 996.0 838.0 846.0 1094.0 21511.0 21808.0 NLD 1343.0 24685.0 24647.0 23765.0 21770.0 1188.0 1050.0 26308.0 136.0 204.0 205.0 205.0 2456.0 132.0 137.0 214.0 2624.0 POL _____ Number of bulls in reference population for int _____ CAN 23387.0 DEU 1326.0 27226.0 ESP 1165.0 24096.0 24828.0 GBR 22242.0 1181.0 1022.0 22291.0 ITA 21570.0 995.0 846.0 21493.0 21787.0 NLD 1338.0 24679.0 23762.0 1186.0 1048.0 26270.0 POL 136.0 204.0 205.0 132.0 137.0 214.0 2624.0