The latest genomic routine international evaluation for females fertility traits took place as scheduled at the Interbull Centre. Data from 18 countries were included in this evaluation.

International genetic evaluations for female fertility traits of bulls from Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, South Africa, the United Kingdom and the United States of America were computed. Holstein data were included in this evaluation.

BEL, CAN, DEU, ESP, FRA, DFS, GBR, ITA, NLD, POL submitted GEBVs.

```
, FRA, DFS, GBR, ITA, NLD, POL
          CAN, DEU,
cc2: BEL, CAN, DEU, ESP, FRA, DFS, GBR, ITA, NLD, POL
crc: BEL, CAN, DEU, ESP, FRA, DFS, GBR, ITA, NLD, POL
hco: CAN, DEU, , , DFS, , , , POL int: BEL, CAN, DEU, ESP, , DFS, GBR, ITA, NLD, POL
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Based on a decision made by Interbull Steering committee in August 2007, female fertility traits are classified as follows:

- T1 (HC): Maiden (H)eifer's ability to (C)onceive. A measure of confirmed conception, such as conception rate (CR), will be considered for this trait group. In the absence of confirmed conception an alternative measure, such as interval first-last insemination (FL), interval first insemination-conception (FC), number of inseminations (NI), or non-return rate (NR, preferably NR56) can be submitted;
- T2 (CR): Lactating (C)ow's ability to (R)ecycle after calving. The interval calving-first insemination (CF) is an example for this ability. In the abscence of such a trait, a measure of the interval calving-conception, such as says oprn (DO) or calving interval (CI) can be submitted;
- T3 (C1): Lactating (C)ow's ability to conceive (1), expressed as a rate trait. Traits like conception rate (CR) and non-return rate (NR, preferably NR56) will be considered for this trait group;
- T4 (C2): Lactating (C)ow's ability to conceive (2), expressed as an interval trait. The interval first insemination-conception (FC) or interval first-last insemination (FL) will be considered for this trait group. As an alternative, number of inseminations (NI) can be submitted. In the abscence of any of these traits, a measure of interval calving-conception such as days open (DO), or calving interval (CI) can be submitted. All countries are expected to submit data for this trait group, and as a last resort the trait submitted under T3 can be submitted for T4 as well.
- T5 (IT): Lactating cow's measurements of (I)nterval (T)raits calving-conception, such as days open (DO) and calving interval (CI).

Based on the above trait definitions the following traits have been submitted for international genetic evaluation of female fertility traits.

Country Traits Submitted traits and their definitions

```
T2=CY Calving interval converted to 42 days pregnancy rate
AUS
        T4 = C2
                Calving interval converted to 42 days pregnancy rate
        T5=IT
                Calving interval converted to 42 days pregnancy rate
BEL
        T2=CY
                PR=Pregnancy Rate (=[21/(DO-45+11)]*100, with DO=days open)
                PR=Pregnancy Rate (=[21/(DO-45+11)]*100, with DO=days open)
         T4=C2
                PR=Pregnancy Rate (=[21/(DO-45+11)]*100, with DO=days open)
         T5=IT
        T1=HC
CAN
                NR=Non Return Rate after 56 Days in heifers (NRR), %
                CF=Interval from Calving to First Service in cows(CF)
         T2=CY
                NR=Non Return Rate after 56 Days in cows(NRR), %
        T3=C1
         T4=C2
                FC=Interval first insemination-conception in cows
         T5=IT
                DO=Days open
        T1=HC
                CR=Heifers' Conception rate
CHE
         T2=CR
                CF=Interval from Calving to First Service (ICF), days
         T3=C1
                NR=Non Return Rate after 56 Days (NRR), %
                NR=Non Return Rate after 56 Days (NRR), %
        T4=C2
                CR=Heifers' Conception rate (pregnant or not after 3 months)
CZE
        T1=HC
         T3=C1
                CR=Cows' Conception rate (pregnant or not after 3 months)
```

T4=C2

CR=Cows' Conception rate (pregnant or not after 3 months)

```
AUT/DEU T1=HC
               NR=Heifers' Non Return Rate after 56 days
        T2=CY
               CF=Interval from calving to first insemination cows (days)
               NR=Cows' Non Return Rate after 56 days
        T3=C1
        T4=C2
               FL=Interval from first to last insemination cows (days)
               DO=Days open (days)
        T5=TT
               NR=Heifers' Non Return Rate after 56 days
DES
        T1=HC
        T2=CY
               CF=Interval from calving to first insemination cows (days)
        T3=C1
                NR=Cows' Non Return Rate after 56 days
        T4=C2
               FL=Interval from first to last insemination cows (days)
        T5=IT DO=Days open (days)
ESP
        T2=CY
               DO=Days open
        T4 = C2
               DO=Days open
        T5=IT
               DO=Days open
FRA
       T1=HC
               CR=Heifers' Conception rate (binary trait) for maiden heifers
        T2=CY Interval between calving and first AI
        T3=C1
               CR=Cows' Conception rate (binary trait) for cows
        T4=C2
               FL=Interval from first to last insemination cows (days)
GBR
        T2=CY
              CI=days between 1st and 2nd calvings
        T3=C1
               NR=1st lactation non return at 56 days
        T4=C2
               CI=days between 1st and 2nd calvings
        T5=IT CI=days between 1st and 2nd calvings
IRL
        T2=CY
               CI=Calving interval
               CI=Calving interval
        T4 = C2
        T5=IT CI=Calving interval
ISR
      T3=C1
               CR=Inverse of the number of insemination to conception (%)
        T4=C2
               CR=Inverse of the number of insemination to conception (%)
ITA
        T2=CY
               CF=Days to first service
        T3=C1 NR=Non-return rate at 56 days (%)
        T4=C2 CI=Calving Interval (days)
        T5=IT CI=Calving interval (days)
ITA(BSW) T2=CY
               CF=Interval calving to first insemination
        T4=C2
               Days Open
        T5=IT
               CI=Calving interval
NLD
        T1=HC
               CR=Heifers' Conception rate
        T2=CY
               CF=Interval calving to first insemination (days)
        T3=C1
               CR=Cows' Conception rate (binary trait) for cows
        T4=C2
               FL=Interval from first to last insemination cows (days)
        T5=IT
               CI=Calving Interval (days)
        T1=HC
NOR
               NR=NR=Non-return rate 56 days (heifers)
        T2=CY
               CF=Interval calving to first insemination (days)
        T3=C1
               NR=NR=Non-return rate 56 days (cows)
        T4=C2
               CI=Calving Interval (days)
        T5=IT CI=Calving Interval (days)
NZL
        T2=CY
               PM=Lactating cow's ability to start cycling
        T4 = C2
               PC=Lactating cow's ability to conceive (CR42)
        T5=IT PC=Lactating cow's ability to conceive (CR42)
POL
        T1=HC Non return rate at 56 days for heifer
        T2=CR Interval from calving to first insemination
        T3=C1 Non return rate at 56 days for cows
        T4=IT Days open
T5=IT Days open
        T1=HC
USA
               CR=Conception rate (heifer)
               CF=Interval from calving to first insemination
        T2=CY
        T3=C1
               CR=Conception rate (cow)
        T4=C2
               DP=Daughter Pregnancy Rate
        T5=IT
               DP=Daughter Pregnancy Rate
ZAF
       T4=IT CI=Calving Interval
       T5=IT CI=Calving Interval
                                 ._____
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CHANGES IN NATIONAL PROCEDURES

Changes in the national genetic evaluation of fertility traits are as follows:

ITA (HOL) First participation with ccl

DEU (HOL) Bulls older than 17 months year old and not selected yet have been removed from the national evaluation

ESP (HOL) Elimination of many Eurogenomics bulls from the national evaluation. These bulls had already MACE proof or have not been selected for AI

INTERBULL CHANGES COMPARED TO THE DECEMBER ROUTINE RUN

No changes in Interbull procedures

DATA AND METHOD OF ANALYSIS

Eleven Holstein populations sent GEBV data for up to 38 traits, while classical EBVs for the same traits were used in the analyses. Young bull GEBVs from the GEBV providers have been converted to the scales of all countries participating in classical MACE. A bull will get a MACE EBV or a GMACE EBV but not both.

From those eleven countries, National GEBVs of bulls less than seven years of age and with no classical MACE proofs were included for the breeding value prediction with a further requirement of either a MACE-PA or a GMACE-PA (for young genomic bulls with young genomic sires) being available.

SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE

The international genetic evaluation procedure is based on international work described in the following scientific publications:

VanRaden, P.M. and Sullivan, P.G. 2010. International genomic evaluation methods for dairy cattle. Gen. Sel. Evol. 42:7

Sullivan, P.G. and Jakobsen, J.H. 2012. Robust GMACE for young bulls methodology. Interbull Bulletin 45, Article 1.

Sullivan, P.G. 2012a. GMACE reliability approximation. Report to the GMACE working group of Interbull. GMACE_rels 2013

Sullivan, P.G. 2012b. GMACE variance estimation. Report to the GMACE working group of Interbull. GMACE vce 2013

Sullivan, P.G. 2012c. GMACE Weighting Factors. Report to the GMACE working group of Interbull. GMACE_gedcs 2013

Jakobsen, J.H. and Sullivan, P.G. 2013. Trait specific computation of shared reference population. Reference sharing Nov 2013

NEXT ROUTINE INTERNATIONAL EVALUATION

NEAT ROOTINE INTERNATIONAL EVALUATION

Dates for next routine run can be found on http://www.interbull.org/ib/servicecalendar

NEXT TEST INTERNATIONAL EVALUATION

Dates for next routine run can be found on http://www.interbull.org/ib/servicecalendar

PUBLICATION OF INTERBULL ROUTINE RUN

Results were distributed by the Interbull Centre to designated representatives in each country. The international evaluation file comprised international proofs expressed on the base and unit of each country included in the analysis. Such records readily provide more information on bull performance in various countries, thereby minimizing the need to resort to conversions.

At the same time, all recipients of Interbull results are expected to honor the agreed code of practice, decided by the Interbull Steering Committee, and only publish international evaluations on their own country scale. Evaluations expressed on another country scale are confidential and may only be used internally for research and review purposes.

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Table 1. National evaluation dates in GMACE run August 2016
Country Date
    20160801
      20160801
CAN
DEU
        20160809
DFS
       20160809
       20160721
ESP
       20160629
20160629
GBR
ITA
NLD 20160801
POL 20160710
FRA 20160811
______
Table 2.
Number of bulls in reference population for
CAN 19864.0
DEU 1959.0 31047.0
DFS 1768.0 29072.0 29906.0
POL 145.0 2407.0 2520.0 2643.0
Number of bulls in reference population for crc
BEL 2009.0
CAN 1109.0 26464.0
DEU 896.0 2043.0 32773.0
DFS 816.0 1824.0 30737.0 31626.0
ESP 846.0 1882.0 30313.0 30282.0 31101.0
GBR 768.0 23596.0 1886.0 1693.0 1732.0 23912.0 ITA 702.0 22777.0 1504.0 1240.0 1278.0 22678.0 23255.0
NLD 914.0 2200.0 31334.0 31103.0 30851.0 2040.0 1558.0 32928.0
POL 175.0 145.0 2406.0 2519.0 2533.0 169.0 142.0 2531.0 2642.0
FRA 915.0 2229.0 28918.0 28740.0 29126.0 2052.0 1573.0 29332.0 2477.0 30818.0
Number of bulls in reference population for cc1
CAN 26441.0
DEU 2034.0 31173.0
DFS 1784.0 29150.0 29885.0
FRA 2200.0 27541.0 27234.0 29279.0
GBR 23411.0 1879.0 1656.0 2014.0 23739.0
ITA 22734.0 1500.0 1235.0 1569.0 22636.0 23212.0
NLD 2165.0 29733.0 29369.0 27802.0 1994.0 1551.0 30853.0
                                           142.0 2533.0 2644.0
     145.0 2408.0 2520.0 2479.0
                                    169.0
POL
Number of bulls in reference population for cc2
BEL 2417.0
CAN 1238.0 28330.0
DEII
     902.0 1995.0 32674.0
DFS 810.0 1747.0 30649.0 31349.0
    842.0 1798.0 30235.0 30030.0 30839.0
805.0 25339.0 1826.0 1603.0 1635.0 25631.0
ESP
GBR
TTA 709.0 24167.0 1462.0 1215.0 1248.0 24067.0 24513.0
NLD 923.0 2135.0 31244.0 30844.0 30591.0 1951.0 1536.0 32834.0
POL
     175.0 145.0 2406.0 2519.0 2533.0 169.0 142.0 2531.0 2642.0
_____
Number of bulls in reference population for int
BEL 1660.0
     774.0 26640.0
CAN
    875.0 1880.0 32364.0
801.0 1643.0 30378.0 31065.0
DEU
DFS
ESP 827.0 1686.0 29949.0 29747.0 30535.0
GBR 757.0 25154.0 1738.0 1517.0 1545.0 25444.0 ITA 693.0 24053.0 1399.0 1156.0 1186.0 23960.0 24399.0
NLD 893.0 2007.0 30957.0 30561.0 30287.0 1859.0 1472.0 32484.0
POL 175.0 145.0 2406.0 2519.0 2533.0 169.0 142.0 2531.0 2642.0
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