INTRODUCTION The latest genomic routine international evaluation for females fertility traits took place as scheduled at the Interbull Centre. Data from 18 countries were included in this evaluation. International genetic evaluations for female fertility traits of bulls from Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, South Africa, the United Kingdom and the United States of America were computed. Holstein data were included in this evaluation. BEL, CAN, DEU, ESP, FRA, DFS, GBR, ITA, NLD, POL submitted GEBVs. cc1: CAN, DEU, , FRA, DFS, GBR, ITA, NLD, POL cc2: BEL, CAN, DEU, ESP, , DFS, GBR, ITA, NLD, POL crc: BEL, CAN, DEU, ESP, FRA, DFS, GBR, ITA, NLD, POL CAN, DEU, , FRA, DFS, , , NLD, POL int: BEL, CAN, DEU, ESP, , DFS, GBR, ITA, NLD, POL Based on a decision made by Interbull Steering committee in August 2007, female fertility traits are classified as follows: T1 (HC): Maiden (H)eifer's ability to (C)onceive. A measure of confirmed conception, such as conception rate (CR), will be considered for this trait group. In the absence of confirmed conception an alternative measure, such as interval first-last insemination (FL), interval first insemination-conception (FC), number of inseminations (NI), or non-return rate (NR, preferably NR56) can be submitted; T2 (CR): Lactating (C)ow's ability to (R)ecycle after calving. The interval calving-first insemination (CF) is an example for this ability. In the abscence of such a trait, a measure of the interval calving-conception, such as says oprn (DO) or calving interval (CI) can be submitted; T3 (C1): Lactating (C)ow's ability to conceive (1), expressed as a rate trait. Traits like conception rate (CR) and non-return rate (NR, preferably NR56) will be considered for this trait group; T4 (C2): Lactating (C)ow's ability to conceive (2), expressed as an interval trait. The interval first insemination-conception (FC) or interval first-last insemination (FL) will be considered for this trait group. As an alternative, number of inseminations (NI) can be submitted. In the abscence of any of these traits, a measure of interval calving-conception such as days open (DO), or calving interval (CI) can be submitted. All countries are expected to submit data for this trait group, and as a last resort the trait submitted under T3 can be submitted for T4 as well. T5 (IT): Lactating cow's measurements of (I)nterval (T)raits calving-conception, such as days open (DO) and calving interval (CI). Based on the above trait definitions the following traits have been submitted for international genetic evaluation of female fertility traits. Country Traits Submitted traits and their definitions ______ Calving interval converted to 42 days pregnancy rate Calving interval converted to 42 days pregnancy rate Calving interval converted to 42 days pregnancy rate T5=IT PR=Pregnancy Rate (=[21/(DO-45+11)]*100, with DO=days open) T2=CY T4=C2 PR=Pregnancy Rate (=[21/(DO-45+11)]*100, with DO=days open) T5=IT PR=Pregnancy Rate (=[21/(DO-45+11)]*100, with DO=days open)

NR=Non Return Rate after 56 Days in heifers (NRR), %

	T2=CY T3=C1 T4=C2 T5=IT	CF=Interval from Calving to First Service in cows(CF) NR=Non Return Rate after 56 Days in cows(NRR), % FC=Interval first insemination-conception in cows DO=Days open
CHE	T1=HC T2=CR T3=C1 T4=C2	CR=Heifers' Conception rate CF=Interval from Calving to First Service (ICF), days NR=Non Return Rate after 56 Days (NRR), % NR=Non Return Rate after 56 Days (NRR), %
CZE	T1=HC T3=C1 T4=C2	CR=Heifers' Conception rate (pregnant or not after 3 months) CR=Cows' Conception rate (pregnant or not after 3 months) CR=Cows' Conception rate (pregnant or not after 3 months)
AUT/DEU	T1=HC T2=CY T3=C1 T4=C2 T5=IT	NR=Heifers' Non Return Rate after 56 days CF=Interval from calving to first insemination cows (days) NR=Cows' Non Return Rate after 56 days FL=Interval from first to last insemination cows (days) DO=Days open (days)
DFS	T1=HC T2=CY T3=C1 T4=C2 T5=IT	NR=Heifers' Non Return Rate after 56 days CF=Interval from calving to first insemination cows (days) NR=Cows' Non Return Rate after 56 days FL=Interval from first to last insemination cows (days) DO=Days open (days)
ESP	T2=CY T4=C2 T5=IT	DO=Days open DO=Days open DO=Days open
FRA T2=CY T4=C2 T5=IT	Interva T3=C1 FL=Int	CR=Heifers' Conception rate (binary trait) for maiden heifers l between calving and first AI CR=Cows' Conception rate (binary trait) for cows erval from first to last insemination cows (days) erval from first to last insemination cows (days)
GBR	T2=CY T3=C1 T4=C2 T5=IT	CI=days between 1st and 2nd calvings NR=1st lactation non return at 56 days CI=days between 1st and 2nd calvings CI=days between 1st and 2nd calvings
IRL	T2=CY T4=C2 T5=IT	CI=Calving interval CI=Calving interval CI=Calving interval
ISR	T3=C1 T4=C2	CR=Inverse of the number of insemination to conception (%) CR=Inverse of the number of insemination to conception (%)
ITA	T2=CY T3=C1 T4=C2 T5=IT	CF=Days to first service NR=Non-return rate at 56 days (%) CI=Calving Interval (days) CI=Calving interval (days)
ITA(BSW)	T2=CY T4=C2 T5=IT	CF=Interval calving to first insemination Days Open CI=Calving interval
NLD	T1=HC T2=CY T3=C1 T4=C2 T5=IT	CR=Heifers' Conception rate CF=Interval calving to first insemination (days) CR=Cows' Conception rate (binary trait) for cows FL=Interval from first to last insemination cows (days) CI=Calving Interval (days)
NOR	T1=HC T2=CY T3=C1	NR=NR=Non-return rate 56 days (heifers) CF=Interval calving to first insemination (days) NR=NR=Non-return rate 56 days (cows)

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CI=Calving Interval (days)
              CI=Calving Interval (days)
        T5=IT
               PM=Lactating cow's ability to start cycling
              PC=Lactating cow's ability to conceive (CR42)
        T4=C2
              PC=Lactating cow's ability to conceive (CR42)
        T5=IT
        T1=HC CR=Conception rate for heifers
POL
       Interval from calving to first insemination
 T2=CR
        T3=C1 CR=Conception rate for cows
        T4=IT Days open
        T5=IT Days open
               CR=Conception rate (heifer)
               CF=Interval from calving to first insemination
        T2=CY
        T3=C1 CR=Conception rate (cow)
        T4=C2 DP=Daughter Pregnancy Rate
        T5=IT DP=Daughter Pregnancy Rate
ZAF T4=IT CI=Calving Interval
     T5=IT CI=Calving Interval
_____
CHANGES IN NATIONAL PROCEDURES
Changes in the national genetic evaluation of fertility traits are as follows:
ESP (HOL)
           Base change
            Included a deregression post-processing step to keep the animals with information in the system
NLD (HOL)
BEL (HOL)
            Corrected a small bug in their routines preparing final GEBV to be submitted
            Increase in the size of the reference population (mainly females)
INTERBULL CHANGES COMPARED TO THE DECEMBER ROUTINE RUN
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No changes in Interbull procedures
DATA AND METHOD OF ANALYSIS
Eleven Holstein populations sent GEBV data for up to 38 traits, while
classical EBVs for the same traits were used in the analyses. Young bull
GEBVs from the GEBV providers have been converted to the scales of all
countries participating in classical MACE. A bull will get a MACE EBV or
a GMACE EBV but not both.
From those eleven countries, National GEBVs of bulls less than seven years of age and with no
classical MACE proofs were included for the breeding value prediction
with a further requirement of either a MACE-PA or a GMACE-PA (for young
genomic bulls with young genomic sires) being available.
The parameter-space approach is used for the GMACE genetic evaluations (Sullivan, 2016)
SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE
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Sullivan, P.G. 2016. Defining a Parameter Space for GMACE. Interbull Bulletin 50, p 85-93. VanRaden, P.M. and Sullivan, P.G. 2010. International genomic evaluation methods for dairy cattle. Gen. Sel. Evol. 42:7

The international genetic evaluation procedure is based on international work

described in the following scientific publications:

Sullivan, P.G. and Jakobsen, J.H. 2012. Robust GMACE for young bulls methodology. Interbull Bulletin 45, Article 1.

Sullivan, P.G. 2012a. GMACE reliability approximation. Report to the GMACE working group of Interbull. GMACE_rels 2013

Sullivan, P.G. 2012b. GMACE variance estimation. Report to the GMACE working group of Interbull. GMACE_vce 2013

Sullivan, P.G. 2012c. GMACE Weighting Factors. Report to the GMACE working group of Interbull. GMACE_gedcs 2013

Jakobsen, J.H. and Sullivan, P.G. 2013. Trait specific computation of shared reference population. Reference sharing Nov 2013

NEXT ROUTINE INTERNATIONAL EVALUATION

Dates for next routine run can be found on http://www.interbull.org/ib/servicecalendar

NEXT TEST INTERNATIONAL EVALUATION

Dates for next routine run can be found on http://www.interbull.org/ib/servicecalendar

PUBLICATION OF INTERBULL ROUTINE RUN

Results were distributed by the Interbull Centre to designated representatives in each country. The international evaluation file comprised international proofs expressed on the base and unit of each country included in the analysis. Such records readily provide more information on bull performance in various countries, thereby minimising the need to resort to conversions.

At the same time, all recipients of Interbull results are expected to honour the agreed code of practice, decided by the Interbull Steering Committee, and only publish international evaluations on their own country scale. Evaluations expressed on another country scale are confidential and may only be used internally for research and review purposes.

Table 1. National evaluation dates in GMACE run August 2018

Country	Date
\mathtt{BEL}	20180701
CAN	20180801
DEU	20180807
DFS	20180807
ESP	20180620
GBR	20180708
ITA	20180706
NLD	20180801
POL	20180630
FRA	20180808
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Table 2.

Number of b	ulls in	reference	e populat	ion for	hco
CAN 23158.0 DEU 3129.0 DFS 2575.0 FRA 2939.0 POL 3133.0 NLD 2745.0	33749.0 31340.0 30154.0 26980.0	29917.0 27035.0	26328.0		32465.0

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Number of bulls in reference population for
CAN 1309.0 30270.0
DEU 1042.0 3397.0 35919.0
DFS 851.0 2703.0 33334.0 34417.0
ESP 999.0 3069.0 33802.0 33736.0 35175.0
GBR 928.0 27218.0 3259.0 2652.0 3031.0 28349.0
ITA 1224.0 27566.0 2848.0 2180.0 2453.0 26324.0 28131.0
NLD 972.0 2900.0 33297.0 33085.0 33549.0 2864.0 2342.0 35180.0
POL 1163.0 3115.0 29044.0 29142.0 29811.0 2789.0 2546.0 29042.0 30761.0
FRA 1040.0 3141.0 31967.0 31756.0 32568.0 3070.0 2529.0 31833.0 28171.0 34289.0
Number of bulls in reference population for
_____
CAN 30220.0
DEU 3343.0 34071.0
DFS 2649.0 31498.0 32499.0
FRA 3082.0 30347.0 30073.0 32553.0
GBR 27075.0 3231.0 2624.0 3035.0 27750.0
ITA 27579.0 2825.0 2157.0 2515.0 26302.0 28142.0
NLD 2858.0 31449.0 31168.0 30143.0 2774.0 2316.0 32758.0
POL 3204.0 27200.0 27227.0 26504.0 2835.0 2593.0 27137.0 29455.0
Number of bulls in reference population for
_____
BEL 2691.0
CAN 1459.0 32459.0
DEU 1062.0 3431.0 36019.0
DFS 861.0 2750.0 33423.0 34516.0
ESP 1014.0 3081.0 33887.0 33833.0 35205.0
GBR 1019.0 29297.0 3281.0 2685.0 3024.0 30447.0
ITA 1310.0 29181.0 2853.0 2189.0 2443.0 27908.0 29709.0
NLD 999.0 2964.0 33382.0 33169.0 33638.0 2896.0 2363.0 35461.0
POL 1527.0 3291.0 29129.0 29224.0 29875.0 2878.0 2624.0 29146.0 31450.0
Number of bulls in reference population for
BEL 1859.0
CAN 916.0 30735.0
DEU 1028.0 3384.0 35929.0
DFS 851.0 2723.0 33368.0 34455.0
ESP 996.0 3045.0 33826.0 33774.0 35131.0
GBR 928.0 29158.0 3264.0 2671.0 3007.0 30307.0
ITA 848.0 27941.0 2831.0 2185.0 2436.0 27842.0 28465.0
NLD 969.0 2915.0 33326.0 33113.0 33574.0 2881.0 2356.0 35344.0
POL 1078.0 2827.0 29066.0 29166.0 29806.0 2782.0 2281.0 29069.0 30470.0
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