INTRODUCTION

The latest genomic test international evaluation for workability traits took place as scheduled at the Interbull Centre. Data from 15 countries were included in this evaluation.

International genetic evaluations for workability traits of bulls were computed from: AUS CAN CHE DEU DFS FRA GBR NLD SVN NZL ITA JPN ESP CZE POL Holstein data were included in this evaluation.

CAN, DEU, FRA, DFS, GBR, NLD, ITA, ESP, POL submitted GEBVs.

msp: CAN, DEU, FRA, DFS, GBR, NLD, ITA, ESP, POL tem: , DEU, , DFS, GBR, NLD

CHANGES IN NATIONAL PROCEDURES

Changes in the national genetic evaluation of workability traits are as follows:

- FRA (HOL) Base change
- CAN (HOL) Base change, changes in the genomic reference population affecting the SNP estimates, when many MACE proofs are replaced by domestic EBV that include only local progeny of these international bulls (dropping out the USA progeny data).
- DEU (HOL) Base change, TEM:compared to the other traits there was quite a lot of new data added.
- ITA (HOL) Base change, cut-off one year of data in line with MACE
- POL (HOL) Changes in pedigrees and in the reference population
- NLD (HOL) Base change
- GBR (HOL) Updates in data and genotypes

INTERBULL CHANGES COMPARED TO THE DECEMBER ROUTINE RUN

No changes in Interbull procedures

DATA AND METHOD OF ANALYSIS

Thirteen Holstein populations sent GEBV data for up to 38 traits, while classical EBVs for the same traits were used in the analyses. Young bull GEBVs from the GEBV providers have been converted to the scales of all countries participating in classical MACE. A bull will get a MACE EBV or

a GMACE EBV but not both. From those thirteen countries, National GEBVs of bulls less than seven years of age and with no classical MACE proofs were included for the breeding value prediction with a further requirement of either a MACE-PA or a GMACE-PA (for young genomic bulls with young genomic sires) being available.

The parameter-space approach is used for the GMACE genetic evaluations (Sullivan, 2016)

SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE

The international genetic evaluation procedure is based on international work

described in the following scientific publications:

Sullivan, P.G. 2016. Defining a Parameter Space for GMACE. Interbull Bulletin 50, p 85-93.

VanRaden, P.M. and Sullivan, P.G. 2010. International genomic evaluation methods for dairy cattle. Gen. Sel. Evol. 42:7

Sullivan, P.G. and Jakobsen, J.H. 2012. Robust GMACE for young bulls methodology. Interbull Bulletin 45, Article 1.

Sullivan, P.G. 2012a. GMACE reliability approximation. Report to the GMACE working group of Interbull. GMACE_rels 2013

Sullivan, P.G. 2012b. GMACE variance estimation. Report to the GMACE working group of Interbull. GMACE_vce 2013

Sullivan, P.G. 2012c. GMACE Weighting Factors. Report to the GMACE working group of Interbull. GMACE_gedcs 2013

Jakobsen, J.H. and Sullivan, P.G. 2013. Trait specific computation of shared reference population. Reference sharing Nov 2013

NEXT ROUTINE INTERNATIONAL EVALUATION

Dates for next routine run can be found on http://www.interbull.org/ib/servicecalendar

NEXT TEST INTERNATIONAL EVALUATION

Dates for next test run can be found on http://www.interbull.org/ib/servicecalendar

PUBLICATION OF INTERBULL ROUTINE RUN

Results were distributed by the Interbull Centre to designated representatives in each country. The international evaluation file comprised international proofs expressed on the base and unit of each country included in the analysis. Such records readily provide more information on bull performance in various countries, thereby minimising the need to resort to conversions.

At the same time, all recipients of Interbull results are expected to honour the agreed code of practice, decided by the Interbull Steering Committee, and only publish international evaluations on their own country scale. Evaluations expressed on another country scale are confidential and may only be used internally for research and review purposes.

Table 1. National evaluation dates in GMACE run April 2024

Country	Date
	20240401
CAN	20240401
DEU	20240403
DFS	20240206
FRA	20240403
NLD	20240101
GBR	20240312
ITA	20240305
ESP	20240312
POL	20240307

Table 2.

Number of bulls in reference population for msp

CAN 24849.0

DEU 7761.0 39360.0

DFS 5114.0 35152.0 35961.0

FRA 3657.0 30907.0 30550.0 32460.0

NLD 3609.0 32326.0 31973.0 30454.0 33588.0

GBR 20975.0 8624.0 5971.0 3757.0 3970.0 23262.0

ITA 21619.0 7317.0 4639.0 3008.0 3056.0 20816.0 22573.0

ESP 6186.0 36344.0 35172.0 30994.0 32354.0 7027.0 5752.0 37159.0

POL 4356.0 29668.0 29548.0 26531.0 27696.0 4884.0 3945.0 29838.0 30833.0

Number of bulls in reference population for tem

DEU 36558.0 DFS 32498.0 33159.0 NLD 30048.0 29669.0 31192.0 GBR 7931.0 5343.0 3616.0 22230.0