### Introduction

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The latest routine international evaluation for SNP Training for clinical mastitis took place as scheduled at the Interbull Centre. Data from five (5) countries were included in this evaluation.

International genetic evaluations for SNP Training for clinical mastitis of bulls from Canada, France, Germany, Switzerland, and the United States of America were computed. Brown Swiss, Holstein and Jersey breed data were included in this evaluation.

### Changes in national procedures

Changes in the national genetic evaluation of SNP Training for clinical mastitis are as follows:

DEU (HOL) Overall base change. From this routine run onwards cow base is adjusted with each routine run, four months (birth month) forwards.

Drop in information and changes in reliability due to data editing.

FRA (HOL) Drop in information due to the pedigree update.

USA (ALL) Drop in information due to pedigree corrections and herd-year edits.

#### INTERBULL CHANGES COMPARED TO THE PREVIOUS ROUTINE RUN

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In 2020 new post-processing windowsâ\200\231 correlations for all breeds and traits have been applied: the upper bounds have been set to 0.99 as these were judged to have very little effect on evaluations while the lower values have been reduced to the 10th percentile. This reduction would provide post-processed correlations to be closer to the real estimated ones. The previously lower value adopted (based on the 25th percentile) had been found too high causing estimated and post-processed correlations to differ significantly from each other. It is a recommendation from the Interbull Technical Committee to review such windows every 5 years. The weight assigned to the magnitude of the changes tested by each country has also been revised. The new weight will allow post-processed correlations to take more in consideration the value of the new estimated ones even when no changes are applied by the countries. More information can be read on https://interbull.org/ib/rg\_procedure

Since 2021 a new trait group has been added to the MACE evaluation, called stcm (SNP Training for clinical mastitis) evaluating the trait cma (pure clinical mastitis). New trait group codes have been issued as follows: 041 for international ebv files (.itb), 071 for parent average (ipr).

### DATA AND METHOD OF ANALYSIS

Data were national genetic evaluations of AI sampled bulls with at least 10 daughters or 10 EDC (for clinical mastitis and maternal calving traits at least 50 daughters or 50 EDC, and for direct calving traits at least 50 calvings or 50 EDC) in at least 10 herds. Table 1 presents the amount of data included in this Interbull evaluation for all breeds.

National proofs were first de-regressed within country and then analysed jointly with a linear model including the effects of evaluation country, genetic group of bull and bull merit. Heritability estimates used in both the de-regression and international evaluation were as in each country's national evaluation.

Table 2 presents the date of evaluation as supplied by each country

Estimated genetic parameters and sire standard deviations are shown in APPENDIX I and the corresponding number of common bulls are listed in APPENDIX II.

### SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE

The international genetic evaluation procedure is based on international work described in the following scientific publications:

International genetic evaluation computation:
 Schaeffer. 1994. J. Dairy Sci. 77:2671-2678
 Klei, 1998. Interbull Bulletin 17:3-7

Verification and Genetic trend validation: Klei et al., 2002. Interbull Bulletin 29:178-182. Boichard et al., 1995. J. Dairy Sci. 78:431-437

# Weighting factors: Fikse and Banos, 2001. J. Dairy Sci. 84:1759-1767

Sigurdsson and G. Banos. 1995. Acta Agric. Scand. 45:207-219 Jairath et al. 1998. J. Dairy Sci. Vol. 81:550-562

Genetic parameter estimation:

Klei and Weigel, 1998, Interbull Bulletin 17:8-14

Sullivan, 1999. Interbull Bulletin 22:146-148

Post-processing of estimated genetic correlations:

Mark et al., 2003, Interbull Bulletin 30:126-135

Jorjani et al., 2003. J. Dairy Sci. 86:677-679

https://wiki.interbull.org/public/rG%20procedure?action=print

Time edits
Weigel and Banos. 1997. J. Dairy Sci. 80:3425-3430

International reliability estimation
Harris and Johnson. 1998. Interbull Bulletin 17:31-36

### NEXT ROUTINE INTERNATIONAL EVALUATION

De-regression:

Dates for the next routine evaluation can be found on http://www.interbull.org/ib/servicecalendar.

### NEXT TEST INTERNATIONAL EVALUATION

Dates for the next test run can be found on

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http://www.interbull.org/ib/servicecalendar.

## PUBLICATION OF INTERBULL ROUTINE RUN

Results were distributed by the Interbull Centre to designated representatives in each country. The international evaluation file comprised international proofs expressed on the base and unit of each country included in the analysis. Such records readily provide more information on bull performance in various countries, thereby minimizing the need to resort to conversions.

At the same time, all recipients of Interbull results are expected to honor the agreed code of practice, decided by the Interbull Steering Committee, and only publish international evaluations on their own country scale. Evaluations expressed on another country scale are confidential and may only be used internally for research and review purposes.

### PUBLICATION OF INTERBULL TEST RUN

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Test evaluation results are meant for review purposes only and should not be published.

^LTable 1. National evaluation data considered in the Interbull evaluation for SNP training for clinical mastitis (August Routine Evaluation 2024). Number of records for clinical mastitis by breed

Country	BSW	GUE	HOL	JER	RDC	SIM
AUS BEL CAN CHE	813		5455 888	274		

No.Records Pub. Proofs		33534 26602		0	0
CAM ========		 			======
HRV					
ZAF					
USA	86	8765	971		
URY					
SVN					
SVK					
PRT					
POL					
NZL					
NOR					
NLD					
LVA					
LTU					
KOR					
JPN					
ITA					
ISR					
IRL					
HUN					
GBR					
FRM	747	10209			
FRA	424	13209			
EST					
ESP					
DEO DFS		3217			
DEA DEU		5217			

^LAPPENDIX I. Sire standard deviations in diagonal and genetic correlations below diagonal \_\_\_\_\_\_

BSW	cma				
	CHE	 FRA	USA		
CHE	11.44	1101	0.021		
	0.88	0.96			
	0.85		2.93		
	cma				
	CAN	CHE	DEU	FRA	USA
CAN	7.88				
CHE	0.90	11.05			
DEU	0.88	0.94	9.54		
FRA	0.91	0.97	0.92	1.16	
USA	0.82	0.86	0.88	0.89	2.50
	cma				
	CAN	USA			
CAN	8.36				
	0.83	2.54			

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^LAPPENDIX II. Number of common bulls \_\_\_\_\_\_

BSW

common bulls below diagonal common three quarter sib group above diagonal

	CHE	FRA	USA						
CHE	 0	84						 	
FRA		0							
USA	28		0						
GUE								 	
HOL									
		1 - 1-	1 '	14	1				
	on bul on thr					above diagonal	1		
00111111		CHE				actio aragonar	_		
CAN		 307			 1459			 	
CHE	274			289					
DEU	723	290		1118					
FRA				0	1026				
USA	1640	250	790		0				
JER									
COMM	 on bul	ls be	low d	liagor	nal				
						above diagonal	1		
	CAN	USA							
CAN								 	
USA	97	0							
RDC								 	
SIM									